

BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICAL LOG

English/Metric units M

SitelD (C1) 420031091443301	Station n	name (C12) 2015US	GS GPW1	Ot	her ID GX-1	
County Linn		Log date 06/20/17				
Owner USGS		Project Cedar Rapids Alluvial Aquifer Study				
Location description Woods within Se	eminole Va	alley Park; active con	struction ongoi	ng	-	
Latitude 42.00877° Longitude - 091.74269°				Lat/Long datum NAD83		
Altitude LMP 244	Altitude	adatum NGVD88		Log measurement point (LMP) Top of Casing (TOC)		
Height LMP 0.9 m above (+) LS Description of LMP Top of steel casir					ing; 0.022 m above inner 2" PVC casing	
Borehole depth 19.49 TOC	Boreho	le diameter Unknov	vn	Casing bottom 19.19 TOC		
Casing diameter 5.08	Casing	type PVC		Source of da		ata USGS lowa WSC and OGW BG
Logging unit USGS OGW BG	Log or	ientiation MN		Magnetic declination 0.72° W		
ecorded by KLCP/SNP			Observed by	y LG/ EB/JW		
Software non-ASCII logs WellCAD 5.1			Type of log ZZ-Composite			
Fluid type Water		L MP 2.11	11 at time 8:25			
Hydrologic conditions Flood Plain of the Cedar River; scattered thunderstorms in during week of logging						
depth error after logging, log parameter(s) and date(s) of calibration check Tool run 1 Mount Sopris Instruments (MSI), 2PIA-1000, SN 2377, 06/20/2017 at 09:12 logging down and up at ~4.6 m/min, round trip error of 0 ft, measuring bulk electrical conductivity, calibrated in field on date of log Tool run 2 MSI, 2PGA, SN2339, 06/20/2017 at 09:45, logging down and up at ~4.6 m/min, measuring natural gamma, calibrated at factory Tool run 3Vista Clara (VC) NMR JP175, SN001, 6/20/2017 at 10:00, logging down collecting stationary measurements in 0.5 m increments, round trip error of 0.02 m, measuring total, mobile and bound water content, calibrated May 2016 at OGW-BG						
 Remarks For each depth, the decay data are shown as total-, mobile-, capillary-, clay-, and bound- fractions of water content (where bound = clay + capillary), Sum of Echoes (SOE), and Mean Log T2 (MLT2). The T2 "free water cut-off" was 33 ms. All water content (WC) greater than the free water cut off is mobile, and all WC less than the free water cut-off is immobile or bound. A T2 cut-off for clay was set at 3 ms. Using this clay cut off, the bound water can be subdivided into clay-bound and capillary bound. Noise indicates the fit of the multiexponential decay curve to the data. Hydraulic conductivity(K) was estimated at each depth using two empirical relations, including the Schlumberger-Doll research (SDR) and the Sum of Echoes (SOE). The default parameters for these equations were used. These are derivative estimates that can be updated if better site specific parameters are determined. 						

